

# basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

# NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

**GRADE 12** 

#### **TOURISM**

**FEBRUARY/MARCH 2015** 

**MEMORANDUM** 

**MARKS: 200** 

This marking memorandum consists of 13 pages.

	Topics in the Tourism CAPS	Abbreviations
Topic 1	Tourism sectors	TS
Topic 2	Map work and tour planning	MTP
Topic 3	Tourism attractions	TA
Topic 4	Sustainable and responsible tourism	SR
Topic 5	Domestic, regional and international tourism	DRI
Topic 6	Culture and heritage tourism	CH
Topic 7	Foreign exchange	FX
Topic 8	Communication and customer care	CC
Topic 9	Marketing	M

#### **SECTION A: SHORT QUESTIONS**

### **QUESTION 1**

1.1	1.1.1 1.1.2 1.1.3 1.1.4 1.1.5	C√ D√ C√ A√		DRI DRI TA MPT MPT	
	1.1.6 1.1.7 1.1.8 1.1.9 1.1.10	A√ B√ D√ A√		MPT TA DRI CC SR	
	1.1.11 1.1.12 1.1.13 1.1.14 1.1.15	A√ D√ A√ D√ C√		MTP TS MTP M DRI	
	1.1.16 1.1.17 1.1.18 1.1.19 1.1.20	A√ A√ B√ C√		MTP MTP MTP TA SR	(20 x 1)
1.2	1.2.1 1.2.2 1.2.3 1.2.4 1.2.5	foreign exchange ✓ exchange rates✓ BBR ✓ weakening rand ✓ JPY ✓		FX FX FX FX	(5 x 1)
1.3	1.3.1 1.3.2 1.3.3 1.3.4 1.3.5	visa√ Israel√ Mystery customer√ France√ Vredefort Dome√		MTP TA CC FX CH	(5 x 1)
1.4	1.4.1 1.4.2 1.4.3 1.4.4 1.4.5	G ✓ E ✓ D ✓ B ✓		TA TA TA TA	(5 x 1)
1.5	1.5.1 1.5.2 1.5.3 1.5.4 1.5.5	Venice√ Windmills√ Colosseum√ Eiffel√ Greece√	TOTAL SECTION A:	TA TA TA TA	(5 x 1) <b>40</b>

# SECTION B: MAP WORK AND TOUR PLANNING; FOREIGN EXCHANGE QUESTION 2

2.1	2.1.1	Cross at a border post through two border gates, one in the country of exit ✓ and the other in the country of entry ✓ Have ALL documentation checked ✓ ✓  • Security check on the vehicle  • Search luggage  • Where applicable, pay the required fees and taxes  • Declaration of goods	МТР	(4)
	2.1.2	<ul> <li>The itinerary specifies all aspects of a traveller's programme day by day. ✓ ✓</li> <li>The itinerary indicates the planned activities, accommodation, meals, transport and optional excursions.</li> <li>The itinerary is the programme that tourists follow on their journey making the trip run smoothly.</li> </ul>	MTP	(2)
2.2	2.2.1	Health certificate ✓ International Driver's Permit/ Licence ✓ • Yellow Fever Certificate	MTP	(2)
	2.2.2	Travel clinics ✓ ✓  • Medical facilities that offer travel related medical care  (DO NOT ACCEPT CLINICS OR MEDICAL FACITILITES THAT DO NOT OFFER TRAVEL RELATED MEDICAL CARE)	MTP	(2)
2.3	2.3.1	Duty free shopping is purchasing goods at special shops on which no import tax is payable ✓ ✓  • Duty free goods are goods that have been purchased at a duty-free shop on which the tourist will not pay tax at customs  (DO NOT ACCEPT 'SHOPPING AT AN INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT'.)	МТР	(2)
	2.3.2	International rail terminals ✓ Cruise ships in international water ✓ • Flights in international airspace	MTP	(2)
	2.3.3	<ul> <li>When the set limits on restricted goods are exceeded ✓✓</li> <li>When the tourist enters the green lane with more goods than the allowed limit</li> </ul>	МТР	(2)

2.4	2.4.1	Time Difference Time in Morocco Time in Lima, Peru	=	5 hours ✓ 21:00 ( - 5 ✓ ) hours 16:00 ✓ on 17 January 2015 / 17/01/2015 ✓	MTP	(4)
	2.4.2	Time Difference  Time in Rabat Time in Tokyo  Flying time Departed Tokyo at  OR  Departed Tokyo at 13:00 of	=	Rabat 0 (DST does NOT apply) Tokyo + 9 9 hours  21:30 13 January 21:30 (+ 9√) hours 06:30 √ 06:30 √ 13:00√ on 13 January 2015 √  3 January 2015 √√√√√√	МТР	(6)
	2.4.3	To recover from jetlag✓✓			MTP	(2)
	2.4.4	Gaining daylight at the e tourists participate in more  Tourism businesses camake more profit  Tourism businesses with	an in e	of the day will have (business) d longer tourism activities ✓ ✓ extend their operating hours and operating hours that extend into ity and be more energy efficient.	МТР	(2) [ <b>30</b> ]

Tourism DBE/Feb.-Mar. 2015

### **QUESTION 3**

3.1	3.1.1	British Pounds ✓ ✓ • Pound Sterling • GBP • 15 Pounds	FX	
		• 15 GBP		(2)
	3.1.2	GBP 15 x ✓ 15.32 ✓ (BBR) =ZAR 229.80 ✓ (two decimal places to indicate cents)	FX	(3)
	3.1.3	ZAR 7 000 ÷ ✓ 9.89 ✓ (BSR) =USD 707.79 ✓ (rounded up correctly)	FX	(3)
3.2	3.2.1	R10 ✓✓	FX	(2)
	3.2.2	fluctuation✓✓	FX	(2)
	3.2.3	<ul> <li>(a) 29 September√</li> <li>1 October</li> <li>More than 10.10√</li> <li>(Any rate between 10.10 and 10.15, including the first and last values in this range is acceptable)</li> </ul>	FX	(2)
		(b) 23 October ✓ less than 9.75 ✓ (Any rate between 9.70 and 9.75, including the first and last values in this range is acceptable)	FX	(2)
	3.2.4	<ul> <li>Tourists might extend their length of stay ✓✓</li> <li>Tourists can retain their original budget and have more money at their disposal. ✓✓</li> <li>Tourists will be able to reduce their original budget making their trip less expensive.</li> <li>Tourists will use this opportunity to purchase more foreign currency needed for the intended journey.</li> </ul>	FΧ	(4) [20]
		TOTAL SECTION B:		50

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## SECTION C: TOURISM ATTRACTIONS; CULTURE AND HERITAGE TOURISM; MARKETING

#### **QUESTION 4**

4.1 4.1.1  $A - 2\checkmark$  TA  $B - 3\checkmark$  (2)

4.1.2 A – This tourist is interested in Muslim history, culture and Islamic architecture at the Blue Mosque.

This tourist wants to pray at the Blue Mosque. ✓√

- B They wish to participate in daring and unusual experiences on Table mountain that entails excitement and danger. ✓ ✓ (2)
- 4.2 4.2.1 The Canyon stretches over long distances allowing visitors to visit a number of sites along its route. ✓✓
  Offers a wide range of popular activities to indulge in whilst at various sites for example white water rafting, helicopter tours, hiking trails, photography. ✓✓
  - Consists of different layers of rock proving to be an TA important site for geological research.
  - View the diverse population of ecosystems that exists in the canyon.
  - Curiosity to view the largest canyon in the world.
  - It is a world heritage site

(4)

- 4.2.2 The attraction was not open to the public, it was closed for renovations ✓√ (2)
- - Awareness-raising programmes/capacity development training in modern waste management and recycling techniques conducted for local communities to enhance knowledge and capacity.
  - Media campaigns to be organised to raise awareness.

Showcasing the development of new attractions. ✓✓ 4.4 4.4.1 Different ticket packages. Launch of a new website communicating via Facebook and Twitter. Focus directed to night entertainment. (2)Giving back to communities in the form of sponsored visits. 4.4.2 Visiting the theme park where facilities/exhibits are regularly maintained. ✓ ✓ Dedicated staff/ volunteers assisting visitors to get the most TA out of their sea world experience. Variety of fun activities (2) [26] **QUESTION 5** 5.1 5.1.1 A – Mapungubwe Cultural Landscape√ B - Richtersveld Cultural and Botanical Landscape√ СН C – Robben Island√ D – UKhahlamba Drakensberg Park ✓ (4) 5.1.2 A - Contains evidence of human cultural activities over a period of time that led to cultural and social changes between the AD 900 and 1300.√√ Remains in the area serve as evidence to the growth and decline of the culture/ civilisation which existed in the Mapungubwe State. СН Mapungubwe served as a powerful trading state through East African ports with Arabia and India. The remains found show the impacts of climate change and mark the growth and decline of the Mapungubwe (2)Kingdom. C – Buildings on Robben Island bear unusual evidence to our history. ✓ ✓ Robben Island symbolises freedom and democracy over oppression stemming from our history of apartheid which CH signifies universal significance. Prison site where Nelson Mandela was detained for 20

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years.

(2)

NSC - Memorandum

Influx of visitors to the provinces to visit the World Heritage Sites will lead to increased tourism revenue. ✓ ✓
 A sense of ownership/ pride of the heritage within the local community. ✓ ✓
 Boost in the economic activity lending itself to increased GDP, benefiting all establishments in the area. ✓ ✓

Increased visitor numbers sets the multiplier effect into motion.

- Encourage closer working relationships between all stakeholders.
- Increased visitor numbers result in the creation of job opportunities due to increased demand for services.

(6) **[14]** 

#### **QUESTION 6**

6.2

6.1 International/regional buyers/exhibitors and buyers ✓✓

м (2)

(DO NOT ACCEPT 'ONLY VISITORS'.)

World Travel Market

6.2.1 Local – Getaway Show√
6.2.2 International – ITB(Berlin)√

м (2)

6.3 Creates networking and trade opportunities. ✓ ✓

Exposes South Africa as a destination of choice throughout the African continent. 🗸 🗸

Better product development. ✓✓ (6)

[10]

TOTAL SECTION C: 50

## SECTION D: TOURISM SECTORS; SUSTAINABLE AND RESPONSIBLE TOURISM

#### **QUESTION 7**

7.1 7.1.1 Adventure tourism√√• Bungee jumping

TS (2)

7.1.2 Dangerous heights√√

Unpleasant climatic conditions

TS

(2)

• Irresponsible tourist behaviour

7.1.3 The employer must ...

supply the correct safety equipment.√√
ensure that the infrastructure is maintained.√✓

enforce strict rules with regards to safety.

have insurance to cover employees against work-related accidents.

ensure that the employee is physically fit.

• ensure that the employee received proper training.

(4)

7.1.4 The company can have a set of environmental protection rules to govern tourist behaviour while on their premises. ✓ ✓ The company can do an environmental impact assessment before expanding the business, e.g. erecting more structures ✓ ✓

 Build structures that will complement and blend in with the natural environment

(4) [**12**]

(4)

#### **QUESTION 8**

#### 8.1 Image:

- The gas is flammable and can cause explosions and fires in our homes.
- Water can be contaminated/ polluted and will not be suitable for drinking.
- It can cause fires

#### Message:

The poster urges government not to allow fracking because of the risks to our homes and families  $\checkmark$   $\checkmark$ 

- The poster shows the concern about the irresponsible behaviour of government by allowing fracking.
- The poster is warning to decision makers not to allow fracking in South Africa.

8.2	Drinking water will be polluted√√  • Gas leaks/ fire hazard  • Contamination of water  • Fewer visitors	SR	(2)
8.3	Social: People will be displaced. ✓✓  • Drinking water will be compromised  • Resulting health issues  • Loss of jobs in the tourism industry		
	<ul> <li>Environment:</li> <li>Fires will destroy the ecosystem√√</li> <li>Natural water resources will be polluted</li> <li>Flora and fauna will be destroyed</li> <li>Can lead to natural disasters such as mud slides, sink holes</li> <li>The operation of the fracking process calls for increased transport movement resulting in further environmental destruction.</li> </ul>	SR	
	<ul> <li>Economic:</li> <li>Requires highly skilled labour√√</li> <li>Limited opportunities for local employment</li> <li>Profits stay in the hands of a few</li> <li>Profits do not stay in the communities due to leakages</li> <li>Short term involvement and not sustainable</li> </ul>		(6)
8.4	<ul> <li>Our energy crisis will be over because of the additional gas resources that can supply much needed energy at affordable prices. ✓ ✓</li> <li>The gas resources can supply energy to poor households, thus alleviating poverty.</li> <li>Fracking will provide much needed jobs in areas such as the Karoo.</li> </ul>	SR	(2)
8.5	Communities can organise public protest actions√√		

Communities can create awareness and spread information about the SR

Tourists will support drives and initiatives that fight against fracking.

TOTAL SECTION D: 30

(4) [18]

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Communities can boycott development in the area. ✓ ✓

dangers of fracking.

#### **SECTION E:** DOMESTIC. **REGIONAL** AND INTERNATIONAL TOURISM: COMMUNICATION AND CUSTOMER CARE

#### **QUESTION 9**

#### 9.1 Skills development

In preparation for the event, multiple skills are required pre event, during the event and post event, resulting in skills development√ of the people of the host country. With the new skills acquired, they can move on to better career paths, thereby improving their lives. ✓

#### Short and long term job creation

Hosting an event calls for extra labour in many areas, this means that people will be employed on a short term basis√ in preparation for the event or during the event, giving them the opportunity to earn an income during this time, improving their prospects for a better life. This could also result in new businesses opening creating the need for long term jobs. ✓

#### Infrastructure development

Hosting of the global event requires the construction or upgrade of stadiums√ where the event is to take place this leads to an increased demand for skilled and unskilled labour, thus employment opportunities. ✓ immediately resulting in a better quality of life for the citizens of the country.

 Supporting infrastructure such as accommodation and transport is also upgraded, constructed and developed meaning that the locals benefit from this improved infrastructure.

(6)

#### 9.2 Cancellation of flights√

Cancellation of bookings√

Tourists will be left stranded√

- Tourist destinations will be inaccessible
- Becomes a hazard for tourists to travel
- Damage to infrastructure and the environment
- (3)Power failures

9.3 9.3.1 World – 980 million ✓

DRI South Africa - 8.34 million√ (2)

9.3.2 Above and below line promotional techniques. ✓ ✓ Special offers. ✓ ✓

DRI Discounts offered for bulk purchases.

(4) Packaging of multiple tourism products [15]

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DRI

### **QUESTION 10**

10.1	Customer feedback ✓✓	CC	(2)
10.2	To determine whether their customers are satisfied or not. ✓✓	СС	(2)
10.3	The guest was very happy with the reception he or she received 🗸 The guest was not happy with the quality of the housekeeping and room service. 🗸 🗸	СС	
	(The response of the learners must be a proper analysis where learners are able to identify the positive as well as the negative feedback)		(4)
10.4	Re-train staff or send staff for in-service training $\checkmark$ Have the executive housekeeper or the supervisor do regular checks in rooms $\checkmark$ $\checkmark$	СС	(4)
10.5	Loss of guests  Loss of business profitability  Loss of income  ■ Negative word of mouth publicity  ■ Loss of repeat visit	сс	(3) [15]
	TOTAL SECTION E:		30

**GRAND TOTAL:** 

200