

basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY P2

FEBRUARY/MARCH 2015

MEMORANDUM

MARKS: 150

This memorandum consists of 12 pages.

SECTION A: MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS

QUESTION 1

1.10 A ✓

1.1	C✓	(1)
1.2	C✓	(1)
1.3	B✓	(1)
1.4	A✓	(1)
1.5	D✓	(1)
1.6	B✓	(1)
1.7	B✓	(1)
1.8	D✓	(1)
1.9	C✓	(1)

TOTAL SECTION A: 10

(1)

SECTION B: SYSTEM TECHNOLOGIES

QUESTION 2

2.1.1	An operating system is (system) software ✓ which manages / controls all the activities that take place in a computer. ✓	(2)
2.1.2	Android ✓	(1)
2.1.3	 Any ONE of: ✓ If the upgrade process is disrupted, the device might no longer function. The upgrade software may contain bugs. 	(1)
2.1.4	 The operating system splits / shares the CPU time between the active programs. ✓ It appears as if the computer is running multiple programs at once. ✓ 	(2)
2.2	 Any TWO of: ✓ ✓ Physical size is smaller than HDD It is more robust than HDD It uses less power than HDD It is faster than HDD 	(2)
2.3.1	Thrashing ✓	(1)
2.3.2	It makes use of space on secondary memory / storage / hard drive ✓ using it as primary memory / RAM. ✓ Virtual memory (one mark only)	(2)
2.3.3	It might be difficult to obtain RAM chips / DIMMs that are compatible with the older motherboards \checkmark .	(1)
2.4.1	Each core can process separate programs ✓ at the same time. ✓ OR	
	Each core acts like a separate CPU making it possible to execute multiple tasks simultaneously.	(2)
2.4.2	3Tb HDD ✓ Hard disk size could be reduced	(1)
2.4.3	(a) The clock pulses determines the rate at which activities take place ✓ within the CPU, data transmission / processing only takes place at each pulse ✓ of the system clock.	(2)
2.4.3	(b) The speed of the system clock ✓ will be multiplied by a specific value ✓ in order to obtain the required clock speed for the specific CPU. Clock multiplication – one mark only	(2)

TOTAL SECTION B:

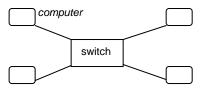
25

2.4.4	 (a) It connects the different components on the motherboard. ✓ OR The internal buses transfer data and instructions between components. 	(1)
2.4.4	(b) Point-to-point connections are dedicated connections which cannot be interrupted/shared ✓ and therefore speeds up the operation of the CPU whereas buses are shared between components / carries data between multiple components. ✓	(2)
2.5.1	It can be used in access control ✓ to prevent unauthorised access to laptop ✓ OR a similar description e.g used for biometric access control	(2)
2.5.2	 Any ONE of: ✓ Retinal scanner Face recognition scanner Voice recognition 	(1)

SECTION C: COMMUNICATION AND NETWORK TECHNOLOGIES

QUESTION 3

3.1.1 Correct layout ✓
Diagram include:
Switch/Hub ✓
Computers ✓



3.1.2 *Any TWO of:* ✓✓

- Easy to troubleshoot
- Easy to replace individual computers
- If one device stops working, network is not disrupted
- Easy to install/set up/maintain

(2)

(3)

3.1.3 Bus ✓ or Ring

(1)

3.2.1 mobility ✓

OR cost saving / easier to set up

(1)

(1)

(2)

3.2.2 *Any TWO of:* ✓✓

OR

- WiFi range is limited.
- Buildings / obstructions might require a distributed layout
- Multiple computers sharing one access point will drastically decrease speed
- An access point can only support a limited number of connections.
- 3.2.3 Because the signal is broadcasted, it is easy to intercept the data ✓ and therefore the data, and password, can be accessed.
- 3.3.1 Is the process whereby a close replica of a web site (or e-mail) is created ✓ in order to create a hoax/false webpage that represents another valid site. ✓

Creating a hoax/false webpage that closely represents another valid site.

- 3.3.2 Any TWO of the following concepts ✓✓
 - Use anti-virus and anti-spyware software
 - Regularly update software / anti-virus
 - Don't open e-mails or attachments from suspicious sources
 - Scan external devices before you use them
 - Don't install pirated software / untrustworthy software
 - Activate the firewall
 - Don't visit / download from suspicious websites
 - Read and obey security warnings on websites / software (2)

3.4.1	 Technology used in the website is not compatible/available on the mobile device, e.g. Flash player. ✓ The website has not been designed for a smaller screen size/has been designed for larger computer screens. ✓ 	(2)
3.4.2	Bluetooth is used by devices like keyboards ✓ and WiFi is used for wireless networks ✓ two separate technologies. OR	(-)
	The mobile device offers two wireless technologies – ONE mark only	(2)
3.5.1	VoIP ✓	(1)
3.5.2	 Any TWO of: ✓✓ Data is expensive. Bandwidth of connections is often very low Internet connections are not reliable/ not available everywhere. Not all schools will have the necessary hardware. 	(2)
3.5.3	Cross platform means that software is designed to run on different operating systems. \checkmark	(1)
3.6.1	The manager needs to be connected to the Internet. ✓ After that the manager connects to the resource centre's server ✓ with access being controlled with a username and password. ✓	(3)
3.6.2	The desktop of the remote computer appears as a separate application on his computer ✓ which allows him to work with the computer as if seated in front of the computer itself. ✓	(2)
	TOTAL SECTION C:	27

(2)

(3)

(2)

SECTION D: DATA AND INFORMATION MANAGEMENT

QUESTION 4

4.1 A desktop database is usually used for single user applications and is installed on personal computers. ✓

A server database is installed on the server and is accessed by the user using a network connection and shared by users. ✓

- 4.2.1 (a) 1 (DevicesTb) to many (BorrowedTb) ✓ (1)
 - (b) DeviceID in DevicesTb ✓ and DeviceID in BorrowedTb ✓ (2)
 - (c) BorrowedTb has DeviceID as the foreign key ✓ and DevicesTb has DeviceID as primary key ✓ (2)
- 4.2.2 (a) SELECT Make, Type, Value FROM DevicesTb WHERE Type = 'T' ORDER BY Value DESC
 - Correct fields and table: Make, Type, Value from DevicesTb ✓
 - Condition: Type = 'T' ✓
 - Sorting: ORDER BY ✓ Value DESC ✓ (4)
 - (b) DELETE FROM DevicesTb WHERE Type = 'P'
 - Correct Table: DevicesTb ✓
 - Correct field: Type ✓
 - Correct condition: 'P' √
 - (c) UPDATE DevicesTb SET Value= Value- Value*10%
 - Correct instruction and table:- UPDATE DevicesTb√
 - Correct field to change:= Value ✓
 - Correct calculation:- Value-Value*10% ✓ OR Value-Value*0.01 (3)
 - (d) SELECT MemberID, Type, DateBorrowed FROM DevicesTb, BorrowedTb WHERE DevicesTb.DeviceID = BorrowedTb.DeviceID AND DateReturned IS NULL
 - Correct fields: MemberID, Type, DateBorrowed ✓
 - Correct Tables: DevicesTb. BorrowedTb ✓
 - Connection: DevicesTb.DeviceID = BorrowedTb.DeviceID ✓
 - Correct field in condition: DateReturned ✓
 - Correct condition: IS NULL ✓ (5)
- 4.3.1 Fine currency ✓
 - DateOfBirth date ✓
- 4.3.2 Any TWO of the following: ✓✓

May borrow only two books/no space to borrow more than two books Repeating fields

Fields are dependent on a field other than the primary key

Two different entities (members/books) included in one table

TOTAL SECTION D: 26

SECTION E: SOLUTION DEVELOPMENT

QUESTION 5

5.1.1	(a)	Age: the user has to select from list of options thus preventing invalid input. ✓	
		OR prevents typing errors / all possible values displayed / saves time	(1)
	(b)	Gender: only one of the given options may be selected. ✓ OR prevents both options from being selected / prevents typing errors	(1)
5.1.2	ATe	ONE of: ✓ ny character can be saved in a string variable ext box is type string and the surname variable will be of the same type o type casting needed when using the value	(1)
5.1.3		correct day may be selected for a specific month ✓ 29 February used in h-leap year OR 30 February/31 April, etc. ✓	(2)
5.1.4	DInTI	TWO of: ✓✓ isplay what caused the error / Give a specific error message dicate how error can be corrected ne user could be given the option to continue or cancel the current peration.	(2)
5.2.1	It is u	sed to create/instantiate ✓ an object.	(1)
5.2.2	The a	attributes are private ✓ /attributes cannot be accessed directly	(1)
5.2.3	(a) A	uxiliary ✓	(1)
5.2.3	(b) if	(age >=10 AND address Not Null) ✓ OR ✓ (age > 16 AND membership validated) ✓ return true	
		urn false ✓	(4)
5.3.1	(a) R	Read days ✓	(1)
5.3.1	NOT	days > 0) ✓ AND (days < 100) ✓ E: AND operator must be used. pt if Java or Delphi code is used.	(2)

5.3.2 (a)

Count	Count < 10
1	True
2	True
3	True
4	True
5	True
6	False

Count incrementing from 1 to 6 ✓ Count < 6 True for 1 to 5 ✓ Count < 6 False for 6 ✓

(3)

- 5.3.2 (b) Count $\leq 6 \checkmark$ (1)
- (c) Counter will be 1 larger than the real count (count will become 7) ✓
 OR Average will be calculated incorrectly
- 5.3.2 (d) Line 1: Count = $0 \checkmark$ (1)
- 5.4 Marks given for:
 - Taking first index as highest or making highest = 0√
 - Looping through days to compare√
 - Testing array value against highest or against value at highest index√
 - then Changing highest or highest index ✓

Possible algorithm solution Take first index as highest ✓ Loop 2 to 5 (4 times) ✓

Test array value against high index array value ✓

Change index to new high value ✓ Display from Weekdays array the day in highIndex position

NOTE: Loop and If dependency must be clearly indicated/indented.

Possible pseudocode solution

highIndex ← 1
index ← 1
repeat until index = 5
index ← index + 1
If NumBooks[index] > NumBooks[highIndex]
highIndex ← index
end repeat
Display from Weekdays array the day in highIndex
position

TOTAL SECTION E: 27

(4)

SECTION F: INTEGRATED SCENARIO

QUESTION 6

6.1.1	 Any TWO of: ✓✓ Save paper Save ink/cartridges Easier to distribute/can send via e-mail or drop box Cheaper to send to many people Easier to store/backup/save 	(2)
6.1.2	Indicates that the computer is energy efficient without sacrificing performance. ✓ OR Device has been designed in order to use less electricity.	(1)
6.1.3	 Any TWO of: ✓✓ Recycle Use for spare parts Make use of companies that dispose of e-waste 	(2)
6.2.1	4G is provided by cellular ✓ service providers as an extension of mobile voice service, while WiMAX is a service dedicated for Internet connection only ✓	(2)
6.2.2	Cellular data/Internet connection is in general more expensive. ✓	(1)
6.2.3	Both use radio wave / microwave transmission ✓	(1)
6.3.1	 Any ONE of: ✓ Theft of data Theft of hardware Accidental damage / deleting while working with data 	(1)
6.3.2	Any TWO examples with explanations: RAID✓ – uses multiple disks to be able to prevent/repair data loss✓ Backup✓ – provides an extra copy of data to be used after data loss✓ Anti-malware software - protects against malicious programs that may damage data Firewall – prevents unauthorized access to local network to prevent access to, and theft of, data Training of personnel – teaching people how to identify risks like phishing and	
	spoofing	(4)
6.4.1	It is a small text file that is stored on your computer when you visit a website ✓ that records your use and preferences for the specific site. ✓	(2)

6.4.2	 Any TWO of: Cookies are not stored. Personal details not accessible. No record of browser history/browser history not saved Makes tracking of browsing patterns more difficult 	(2)
6.5.1	A wiki is a collaborative \checkmark reference resource where any user can make contributions. \checkmark	(2)
6.5.2	 Any TWO of: ✓✓ The administrator can moderate content before it is published Published content can be cross checked with other sources on web Request knowledgeable people to assist in moderating content Remove content that is not accurate Provide for professional peer comment on content placed on site 	(2)
6.6.1	File is split into sections ✓ and shared via a number of peers ✓ instead of a server.	(2)
6.6.2	Any ONE of: ✓ • You Tube • Streaming • The cloud/DropBox/GoogleDrive/SkyDrive	(1)
6.7.1	The (a) key is a formula that is used to encrypt / change the information \checkmark so that it cannot be read, the (a) key is used to decrypt it again after transmission \checkmark and make it readable again.	(2)
6.7.2	 (a) Any ONE of: √ Online storage space Storage in the cloud 	(1)
6.7.2	 (b) Any TWO of: ✓✓ Access on any device with Internet access No need for large storage capacity in devices Files can be accessed anywhere where Internet is available Easy to maintain / update material 	(2)
6.8.1	Globalisation describes the increasing trend and ease with which people, goods, services and information ✓ travel around the world with the use of technology. ✓	(2)

6.8.2 Any THREE of: ✓✓✓

- Can obtain information much faster
- Access to information is not restricted to certain place, people, time/No borders
- Processing large amounts of data: Collection of data for elections/voting process
- Safety: Electronic money
- Convenience: Online banking/ATMs
- Employment: provides opportunities for skilled workers
- Tele medicine/developments in equipment
- Tele medicine/developments in equipment
 Telecommuting

TOTAL SECTION F: 35
GRAND TOTAL: 150

(3)